

IWM-K531 Wall-mount contactless reader

Reference manual

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1. Introduction

This document provides detailed technical information for use of the Pro-Active wall-mount contactless proximity card reader (IWM-K531).

1.1. AUDIENCE

This reference manual assumes that the reader has expert knowledge of electronics. It is designed for use by system integrators.

1.2. PRODUCT BRIEF

a. Abstract

IWM-K531 is a wall-mount proximity reader. It reads serial number from any standard ISO/IEC 14443 contactless card, including popular Philips MIFARE and DESFire families.



At the date of writing, there are 2 generations of IWM-K531:

- First generation (label **IWM-K531**) has been discontinued in February 2008
- Second generation (label **IWM-K531 Mk2**) is currently in production

Both generations are 100% software compatible, but there're a few difference in hardware. This document depicts clearly those difference.

Each generation has 2 distinct products:

- **IWM-K531-WD** or **IWM-K531-WD Mk2**: reader with Wiegand / Dataclock / RS-485 outputs
- IWM-K531-SU or IWM-K531-SU Mk2 : reader with RS-232 / USB outputs

b. Typical applications

This reader is primarily dedicated to residential or corporate access control.

c. Output modes

Depending on software configuration (stored in EEPROM), the same reader can be operated into 3 modes :

· Wiegand (output only), with configurable frame length,

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- Dataclock or ISO2 / Magstripe (output only),
- Serial input/output.

Depending on the underlying hardware, the serial input/output can either be RS-232, RS-485, or USB (USB to serial bridge).

1.3. RELATED DOCUMENTS

You'll find any details regarding hardware and physical characteristics of each reader in the corresponding datasheet.

Datasheet	Covered products
PFTA061	IWM-K531-WD
PFTA090	IWM-K531-SU
PFT874P	IWM-K531-WD (and IWM-K632-WD)
PFT875P	IWM-K531-SU (and IWM-K632-SU)

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2. Configuring IWM-K531

2.1. HARDWARE JUMPERS

4 jumpers are available for basic configuration of the device.

The default (out of factory) settings are specified by a grey background.



Depending on the actual hardware, the 4 jumpers have different functions. Verify the label under the product and refer to the appropriate paragraph below.

2.1.1. IWM-K531-WD

Jumper	ON	OFF
1	Dataclock or Wiegand	RS-485
	according to software configuration	
2	Red LED input disabled	Red LED input enabled
3	Green LED input disabled	Green LED input enabled
4	Buzzer enabled	Buzzer disabled

2.1.2. IWM-K531-SU

Jumper	ON	OFF
1	RFU	RFU
2	Flash mode	Normal mode
3	Buzzer enabled	Buzzer disabled
4	RFU	RFU

Switch JP3 allows selection between USB and RS-232 mode.

2.1.3. IWM-K531-WD Mk2

Jumper	ON	OFF
1	Flash mode	Normal mode
2	Dataclock or Wiegand	RS-485
	according to software configuration	
3	Red & Green LED input enabled	Red & Green LED input disabled
4	Buzzer enabled	Buzzer disabled

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2.1.4. IWM-K531-SU Mk2

Jumper	ON	OFF
1	Flash mode	Normal mode
2	RFU	RFU
3	RFU	RFU
4	Buzzer enabled	Buzzer disabled

Switch JP3 allows selection between USB and RS-232 mode.

2.2. Connecting IWM-K531 to a computer

2.2.1. IWM-K531-WD

Use Pro-Active **INT-USB-TTL** as a USB interface between the reader (through its PC-Link Connector) and a computer running Microsoft Windows. Alternatively, you may use new interface Pro-Active INT-USB-ITL.

Install software ref. **SDD100** "USB Driver for Pro-Active's FTDI-based devices" to see the INT-USB-TLL interface as a virtual serial port (VCP).

2.2.2. IWM-K531-WD Mk2

In IWM-K531-WD Mk2, the PC-Link Connector has been replaced by an infrared interface (IrDA).

Use Pro-Active **INT-USB-ITL** as a USB interface between the reader (through IrDA) and a computer running Microsoft Windows. Using a computer built-in IrDA interface is unsupported.

2.2.3. IWM-K531-SU and IWM-K531-SU Mk2

Connect the reader directly to the computer using either the serial line (RS-232) or the USB interface (type B connector).

When using the USB interface, install software ref. **SDD100** "USB Driver for Pro-Active's FTDI-based devices" to see the reader as a virtual serial port (VCP).

2.2.4. Common information

Use HyperTerminal or any compliant terminal emulator to get connected onto the reader through the serial port. Default communication settings are :

- 8 data bits, 1 stop, no parity, no flow control;
- Baudrate = 38400bps.

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Note that baudrate may have been changed to 9600bps in reader's non-volatile configuration.

2.3. Retrieving IWM-K531 software configuration

Connect IWM-K531 to your terminal emulator software according to 2.2.

Reset IWM-K531 (or power it OFF, then ON again). On start-up it displays the string :

Pro-Active K531 ISO 14443 Reader [xx/yy]

Part [xx/yy] must be understood as follow:

- xx is the hardware release;
- yy is the software release.



IWM-K531-DW and IWM-K531-SU: this documentation applies only to hardware release AB or later, and software release 08 or later. Hardware AA is not supported anymore.

IWM-K531-DW Mk2 and IWM-K531-SU Mk2: use software release 11 or later.

Send the command:

info <enter>

to retrieve IWM-K531 information (K531 core firmware release version, RC531 hardware identifier and serial number, explanation of active configuration).

Send the command:

cfq <enter>

to read current IWM-K531 software configuration constant (see 2.5 for explanation of IWM-K531 software configuration constant).



IWM-K531 doesn't echo back the received characters.

2.4. Setting IWM-K531 software configuration

2.4.1. Through serial line

Connect IWM-K531 to your terminal emulator software according to 2.2.

Send the command:

cfg=xxxxxxxx <enter>

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where xxxxxxxx is the new software configuration constant (see 2.5 for explanation of IWM-K531 software configuration constant). IWM-K531 acknowledges with "ok".

Reset IWM-K531 to activate new configuration.



IWM-K531 doesn't echo back the received characters.

Be sure to send the configuration constant without error.

2.4.2. Using a configuration tag

Configuration tags can be bought at Pro-Active.

Put the relevant configuration tag in front of the reader.

Reset IWM-K531 (or power it OFF, then ON again). On start-up it reads the configuration tag, and load the new configuration constant.

Remove the configuration tag and reset IWM-K531 to activate new configuration.

IWM-K531 SOFTWARE CONFIGURATION CONSTANT 2.5.

The IWM-K531 software configuration constant is a 4-byte value (8 hexadecimal digits) that is stored in reader's non-volatile memory (E²PROM).

Bytes are sent MSB first (most significant bit first).

Byte	Defines	
0	Serial configuration	
1	Reader operating mode	
2	Output format	
3	Handled tags	

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2.5.1. Serial configuration

First byte defines serial configuration.

Description of the bits:

Bit	Name	Function	
7		RFU (must be 0)	
6-4	SC.ADR	Address of device on the bus (Serial only):	
		000 addressing disabled (single device)	
		001 to 111 selected device address	
3		RFU (must be 0)	
2-0	SC.BDR	Baud rate (Serial only):	
		000 38400 bps	
		001 19200 bps	
		010 9600 bps	
		011 4800 bps	
		100 115200 bps	
		101 to 111 RFU	



The baudrate parameter is common to USB, RS-232 and RS-485 interfaces.

Do not set baudrate to 115200bps when working with RS-485 interface, as the hardware and the characteristics of the bus aren't able to support it.

The IrDA interface (IWM-K531 Mk2) can only be operated at 38400bps.

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2.5.2. Reader operating mode

Second byte defines reader-operating mode.

Description of the bits :

Bit	Name	Function	
7	RO.ACT	Accept configuration tags	
		1 Configuration through configuration tags is disabled	
		0 Configuration tags can be used to configure the reader	
6-5		RFU (must be 000)	
4	RO.PWM	Power up mode (Serial only)	
		1 Reader waits for a command from the host before starting up.	
		0 Reader starts up automatically at power up.	
3	RO.RMV	Tag filtering policy :	
		1 Tag must be removed before being read again.	
		O Tag are continuously read after the "filtering delay".	
2-1	RO.FLT	Tag filtering delay :	
		00 Tag are filtered for 1 second	
		01 Tag are filtered for 2 seconds	
		10 Tag are filtered for 5 seconds	
		11 Tags are not filtered (100 to 200ms delay).	
0	RO.MOD	Output mode select (Wiegand / Dataclock only)	
		1 Device is a Wiegand reader.	
		0 Device is a Dataclock reader.	
		Output mode select (Serial only)	
		1 Device is an RS-232 reader.	
		0 Device is an RS-485 reader.	

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2.5.3. Output format

Third byte defines reader output format.

Description of the bits:

Bit	Name	Function		
7	OF.RAW	Decorate output frames (Serial only)		
		1 Serial output uses only STX and ETX as frame markers.		
		0 Frames are "decorated" with BEL and CR LF markers.		
6	OF.ACK	Acknowledgement mode (Serial only)		
		Pending transmissions are discarded by host acknowledge.		
		0 Host acknowledge has no effect.		
5	OF.RAI	ISO/IEC 14443-A UID bytes order		
		1 Reader sends type A UIDs MSB first.		
		0 Reader sends type A UIDs LSB first.		
		This is default behaviour since Philips literature uses this order		
		for Mifare serial numbers.		
4	OF.ATT	Add tag type to identifier		
		1 Tag identifier output is prefixed with tag type:		
		• 'A0' + ATQ + SAK for ISO/IEC 14443-A,		
		• 'B0' + whole ATQB for ISO/IEC 14443-B,		
		`B176' for ST Microelectronics SR 176 and compliant,		
		• 'C0' for Calypso		
		0 Tag identifier is sent without prefix.		
3		RFU (must be 0)		
2-0	OF.FMT	Output size and transcription		
		000 RFU		
		001 RAW output, 4 bytes (32 bits)		
		010 RAW output, 8 bytes (64 bits)		
		011 RAW output, 16 bytes (128 bits)		
		101 BCD output, 10 digits		
		110 BCD output, 12 digits		
		111 RAW output, 6 bytes (48 bits)		

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2.5.4. Handled tags

Fourth byte defines which tags the reader handles.

Description of the bits:

Bit	Name	Function		
7		RFU (must be 0)		
6	HT.ICA	1 Calypso identifiers are read (feature subject to Calypso licence agreement and fee). 0 Calypso cards are ignored.		
5		RFU (must be 0)		
4		RFU (must be 0)		
3	HT.IAS	1 Read ASK CTS256 identifiers.		
		0 Ignore ASK CTS256 cards.		
2	HT.ISR	1 Read ST Microelectronics SR176 identifiers.		
		0 Ignore ST Microelectronics SR176 cards.		
1	HT.IIB	1 Read ISO/IEC 14443-B Pseudo-Unique Identifiers (PUPI).		
		0 Ignore ISO/IEC 14443-B.		
0	HT.IIA	1 Read ISO/IEC 14443-A Unique Identifiers (UID or SNR).		
		0 Ignore ISO/IEC 14443-A.		

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3. SERIAL MODE APPLICATION NOTE

3.1. THE RS-485 INTERFACE

IWM-K531-DW and IWM-K531-DW Mk2 only

a. Pins

Pins 3 and 4 are RS-485 A and RS-485 B, respectively.

b. Communication parameters

Default baudrate is 38400bps. See 2.5.1 if you need to change this value.

Other parameters are:

- 8 data bits, 1 stop bit
- No parity, no flow control.

Those parameters can't be altered.

3.2. THE RS-232 AND USB INTERFACES

IWM-K531-SU and IWM-K531-SU Mk2 only

Default baudrate is 38400bps. See 2.5.1 if you need to change this value.

Other parameters are:

- 8 data bits, 1 stop bit
- No parity, no flow control.

Those parameters can't be altered.

3.3. SERIAL OUTPUT

3.3.1. Data stream format : binary

a. Fixed length binary

Data is transmitted as an ASCII string. Each character is the hexadecimal representation (from '0' to 'F') of half a byte. Transmission is done most significant byte first.

If data is shorter than specified length, it is left-prefixed with binary 0s.

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If data is longer than specified length, it is right truncated (only lowest significant bytes are transmitted).

DF.FMT values for RS-485 fixed-length binary

value for DF.FMT	Meaning	Sample output (ASCII strings)
001	4 bytes	7990D030
010	8 bytes	000467257990D030
011	16 bytes	000000000000000000467257990D030

b. Variable length binary

Data is transmitted as an ASCII string. Each character is the hexadecimal representation (from '0' to 'F') of half a byte. Transmission is done most significant byte first.

The exact length of available data is transmitted.

DF.FMT values for RS-485 variable-length binary

value for DF.FMT	Meaning	Sample output (ASCII string)
100	var. length	0467257990D030

3.3.2. Data stream format: BCD

Fixed length BCD

Only 32 lowest significant bits of data are used (4 bytes).

Data is first converted to a 32-bits number (from 0 to 4294967295).

Date is transmitted as an ASCII string. It provides the fixed-length decimal representation of the number.

DF.FMT values for RS-485 fixed-length BCD

value for DF.FMT	Meaning	Sample output (ASCII string)
101	10 BCD digits	2039533616
110	12 BCD digits	002039533616

3.3.3. Frame format without addressing

Serial frames are built according to following format:

- 1. Start sentinel: ASCII STX character (0x02),
- 2. Actual data string (ASCII characters, '0' to '9' and 'A' to 'F'),
- 3. End sentinel: ASCII ETX character (0x03).

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If OF.RAW is set to 0,

- ASCII BEL character (0x07) is sent before the start sentinel,
- ASCII CR and LF characters (0x0D and 0x0A) are sent after the end sentinel.

3.3.4. Frame format with addressing enabled

Serial frames are built according to following format:

- 1. Start sentinel: ASCII SOH character (0x01),
- 2. Reader address (ASCII character, from '1' to '7'),
- 3. Separator : ASCII STX character (0x02),
- 4. Actual data string (ASCII characters, '0' to '9' and 'A' to 'F'),
- 5. End sentinel: ASCII ETX character (0x03).

If OF.RAW is set to 0,

- ASCII BEL character (0x07) is sent before the start sentinel,
- ASCII character '>' (0x3E) is sent between the address and the separator,
- ASCII CR and LF characters (0x0D and 0x0A) are sent after the end sentinel.

3.4. SERIAL INPUT

IWM-K531 accepts commands from the host.

Command transmission format is <command> <CR> <LF>.

Please observe that IWM-K531 never echoes received data.

If received command has been understood by IWM-K531, it replies with <ACK> before executing the requested action. Otherwise, it doesn't reply and does nothing.

Command	Action
A0	Reader goes inactive (tag polling is halted)
A1	Reader goes active
R0	Switch red LED off
R1	Switch red LED on
R2	Red LED blinks slowly
R3	Red LED blinks quickly
G0	Switch green LED off
G1	Switch green LED on
G2	Green LED blinks slowly
G3	Green LED blinks quickly

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Mxyz	Same as sending 3-command sequence Ax Ry Gz
Rst	Reset the reader
Ver	Retrieve reader's version
Cfg	See 2.3



If RO.PWM is set to 1, after power up reader does nothing until it receives the "A1" command from the host.



Set jumpers appropriately to allow the device to control its LEDs and its buzzer.

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4. WIEGAND APPLICATION NOTE

IWM-K531-DW and IWM-K531-DW Mk2 only

4.1. THE WIEGAND INTERFACE

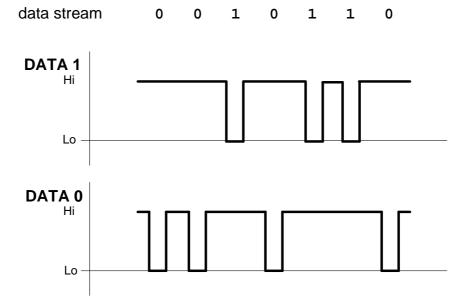
a. Pins

Pins 5 and 6 are Wiegand DATA0 and DATA1 outputs, respectively.

- · Both pins are at high level when idle,
- A low pulse on DATA0 denotes a bit 0 output,
- A low pulse on DATA1 denotes a bit 1 output.

In normal operation, DATA0 and DATA1 are never at low level simultaneously.

b. Signals

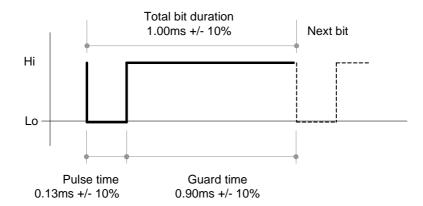


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c. Timings



It is better that the controller triggers on the falling edge of the signal or on the low level, and not on the rising edge.

4.1.2. Electrical levels



<u>The electrical interface has changed</u> between IWM-K531-DW and IWM-K531-DW Mk2. Be sure to configure the controller interface according to reader's needs.

a. IWM-K531-DW

DATA0 and DATA1 <u>are not</u> open collector outputs. Pull-up resistors (to a 5V level) are embedded in the reader and can't be disabled.

You must connect this reader to an high-impedance input only.

	V_{out}
Output level high	4.0V min, 5.5V max
Output level low	0.0V min, 1.0V max

b. IWM-K531-DW Mk2

DATA0 and DATA1 <u>are</u> open collector outputs. Pull-up resistors (R_{ctrl}) <u>must</u> be supplied by the controller (to V_{ctrl} level).

Maximum values are:

•
$$V_{ctrl} = 15V$$

•
$$I_{max} = 10mA$$

Typical values are:

•
$$V_{ctrl} = 5V$$
 $R_{ctrl} = 4,7k\Omega$ $(I_{max} = 1,0mA)$
• $V_{ctrl} = 12V$ $R_{ctrl} = 10k\Omega$ $(I_{max} = 1,2mA)$



4.1.3. Data stream format

Fixed length binary a.

Data are transmitted in binary, most significant byte first, most significant bit first in each byte.

If data is shorter than specified length, it is left-prefixed with binary 0s.

If data is longer than specified length, it is right truncated (only lowest significant bytes are transmitted).

DF.FMT values for Wiegand fixed-length binary

value for DF.FMT	Meaning	Sample output (raw)
001	4 bytes	7990D030
010	8 bytes	000467257990D030
011	16 bytes	000000000000000000467257990D030

b. Variable length binary

Data are transmitted in binary, most significant byte first, most significant bit first in each byte.

The exact length of available data is transmitted.

DF.FMT values for Wiegand variable-length binary

value for DF.FMT	Meaning	Sample output (raw)
100	var. length	0467257990D030

Fixed length BCD C.

Only 32 lowest significant bits of data are used (4 bytes).

Data is first converted to a 32-bits number (from 0 to 4294967295).

Data is transmitted in BCD. It provides the fixed-length decimal representation of the number.

DF.FMT values for Wiegand fixed-length BCD

value for DF.FMT	Meaning	Sample output (raw)
101	10 BCD digits	2039533616
110	12 BCD digits	002039533616

Frame format 4.1.4.

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With Wiegand output, there is no frame marker (no preamble, no epilogue), and no error control (no parity, no CRC).

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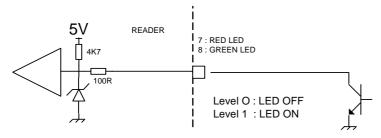


4.2. LED INTERFACE

Pins 7 and 8 are red and green LEDs inputs, respectively.

	Meaning	Level to GND
Input level high	LED is ON	3.3V to 5.5V
Input level low	LED if OFF	0.0V to 1.7V

The reader has an internal pull-up resistor to 5V.





Set jumpers appropriately to allow an external control of the LEDs.

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5. DATACLOCK APPLICATION NOTE

IWM-K531-DW and IWM-K531-DW Mk2 only

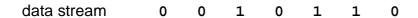
5.1. THE DATACLOCK INTERFACE

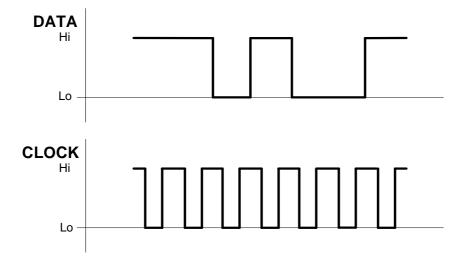
a. Pins

Pins 5 and 6 are Wiegand DATA0 and DATA1 outputs, respectively.

- Both pins are at high level when idle,
- The CLOCK line is active low,
- The DATA line is inverting (low level means 1, high level means 0).

b. Signals





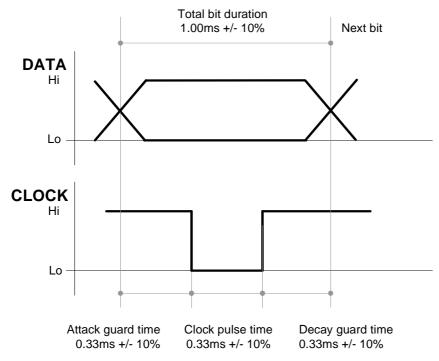
c. Timings

Clock period is 1ms (approx.) with a duty cycle 1/3 (330 μ s inactive, 330 μ s active low, 330 μ s inactive).

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It is better that the controller triggers on the falling edge of the clock or on the low level, and not on the rising edge.

5.1.2. Electrical levels



The electrical interface has changed between IWM-K531-DW and IWM-K531-DW Mk2. Be sure to configure the controller interface according to reader's needs.

IWM-K531-DW a.

DATA and CLOCK are not open collector outputs. Pull-up resistors (to a 5V level) are embedded in the reader and can't be disabled.

You must connect this reader to an high-impedance input only.

	V_{out}
Output level high	4.0V min, 5.5V max
Output level low	0.0V min, 1.0V max

IWM-K531-DW Mk2

DATA and CLOCK are open collector outputs. Pull-up resistors (Rctrl) must be supplied by the controller (to V_{ctrl} level).

Maximum values are:

- V_{ctrl} = 15V
- = 10 mA I_{max}

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Typical values are:

•
$$V_{ctrl} = 5V$$
 $R_{ctrl} = 4.7k\Omega$ $(I_{max} = 1.0mA)$

•
$$V_{ctrl} = 12V$$
 $R_{ctrl} = 10k\Omega$ $(I_{max} = 1,2mA)$

5.1.3. Digit format

Dataclock only transmit decimal data. Each digit is transmitted as 5 bits:

- 4 digit bits, least significant bit first,
- 1 parity bit.

Data are BCD-encoded, i.e. only decimal values from 0 to 9 are valid for data digits. Values above 10 (hexadecimal values from A to F) are reserved for start and stop markers ("sentinels") and for frame LRC.

Dataclock digit format

Value	Bit pattern
0	0000 1
1	1000 0
2	0100 0
3	1100 1
4	0010 0
5	1010 1
6	0110 1
7	1110 0
8	0001 0
9	1001 1

Value	Bit pattern
A (10)	0101 1
B (11)	1101 0
C (12)	0011 1
D (13)	1011 0
E (14)	0111 0
F (15)	1111 1

5.1.4. Data stream format

a. Fixed length BCD

Only 32 lowest significant bits of data are used (4 bytes).

Data is converted to decimal and transmitted in BCD, most significant digit first, with parity bits and according to the Dataclock frame output format.

If data is shorter than specified length, it is left-prefixed with decimal 0s.

DF.FMT values for Dataclock fixed-length BCD

value for DF.FMT	Meaning	Sample output (raw)
101	10 BCD digits	2039533616
110	12 BCD digits	002039533616

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Fixed length binary

Since Dataclock can only transmit decimal data, a transcription must be done to translate arbitrary digits (from 0 to F) into BCD digits (from 0 to 9).

The transcription is as follow: each hexadecimal digit is represented as two decimal digits; first digit is value divided by 10 (either 0 or 1), second digit is value modulo 10.

Transmitted length is twice as fixed length.

DF.FMT values for Dataclock fixed-length binary

value for DF.FMT	Meaning	Sample output (raw)	
001	4 bytes	07090900 <u>13</u> 000300	
010	8 bytes	000000040607020507090900 <u>13</u> 000300	
011	16 bytes	() 000000000040607020507090900 <u>13</u> 000300	

(Note that D is translated into 13)

Variable length binary

Transcription is done in the same way as described in last paragraph.

Transmitted length is twice as actual length of available data.

DF.FMT values for Dataclock variable-length binary

value for DF.FMT	Meaning	Sample output (raw)
100	var. length	00040607020507090900 13 000300
		(1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

(Note that D is translated into 13)

5.1.5. Frame format

Dataclock frames are built according to following format:

- 1. Left edge: bit 0 is transmitted 16 times,
- 2. Start sentinel (hexadecimal digit B, i.e. bit pattern 1 1 0 1 0),
- 3. Actual data digits,
- 4. Stop sentinel (hexadecimal digit F, i.e. bit pattern 1 1 1 1 1),
- 5. LRC of frame (XOR computed over parts 1, 2 and 3),
- 6. Right edge: bit 0 is transmitted 16 times.

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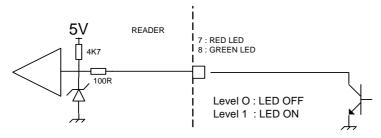


5.2. LED INTERFACE

Pins 7 and 8 are red and green LEDs inputs, respectively.

<u>. </u>	Meaning	Level to GND
Input level high	LED is OFF	3.3V to 5.5V
Input level low	LED if ON	0.0V to 1.7V

The reader has an internal pull-up resistor to 5V.





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Set jumpers appropriately to allow an external control of the LEDs.



6. APPENDIX: MASTER CARDS

6.1. BUILDING A MASTER CARD

- The Master Card must be a Mifare 1k (or 4k).
- Both sector 0 and 1 must be readable with default Mifare key A0A1A2A3A4A5.
- Sector 0 must hold the constant string PRO-ACTIVE_FR:IWM-K531:CONFIG1 starting at offset 18.
- Block 1.0 holds the configuration settings to be applied (4 bytes) repeated 4 times (i.e. 16 bytes).
- Block 1.1, is RFU and set to 16 zero bytes.
- Block 1.2, stores the digital signature used to authenticate the tag.

6.2. DIGITAL SIGNATURE ALGORITHM

- Let Key be a 16-byte arbitrary buffer.
- Construct the MD5 hash of block 1.0 || block 1.1 || key || block 0.0 || block 0.1 || block 0.2.
- Use this 16-byte hash as the digital signature (stored it in block 1.2 of the tag).

Value of *Key* is confidential. Only Pro-Active genuine software are able to sign Master Cards.

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EDITOR'S INFORMATION

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R.C.S. EVRY B 429 665 482 - APE 26127

For more information, please contact us at info@pro-active.fr.

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