

M519-SUV Data Sheet and Integration Guide

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AB	24/10/2023	JDA	CFE	First public release (but still with a lot of <i>TBD</i>)
AC	29/11/2023	JDA		Temperature range increased
AD	13/03/2024	JDA		Added pictures (section 2.5) Added sections 2.6 , 6.7 and 6.8





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1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

This document describes the functionalities and electrical specifications of the SpringCard SpringSeed M519-SUV OEM NFC/RFID HF module with antenna, using firmware version 1.30 or higher.

1.2 Related documents

1.2.1 Documents available as PDF

Reference	Title / Description
PFT22217	M519 Datasheet and Hardware Integration Guide
PMD23175	M519-SRK Getting Started Guide
PNA23174	Using the M519 in PC/SC Coupler mode over a Serial interface
PNA23207	Using the M519 in PC/SC Coupler mode over a USB interface
PNA23208	Using the M519 in Smart Reader or RFID Scanner mode
PNA23189	Using the M519 in SpringProx Legacy mode

1.2.2 Online material

Documentation of the SpringCore firmware.

https://docs.springcard.com/books/SpringCore/Welcome

SpringCard Tech Zone, the blog of the R&D Team

https://tech.springcard.com/





1.3 Order codes

The M519 is highly configurable, and supports many operating modes. The M519-SUV adds a selectable electrical layer for the Serial interface. A variety of order codes are available, enabling customers to tailor the M519-SUV to streamline their integration process. However, it must be remembered that changing the configuration of the device is straightforward, ensuring flexibility in deployment scenarios.

Order code	Product	USB	Serial	Mode	Option	моо
SC23219	M519-SUV	Yes	RS-TTL	PC/SC		10 units
SC23220	M519-SUV	Yes	RS-232	PC/SC		30 units
SC23222	M519-SUV	Yes	RS-TTL	RFID Scanner	QWERTY	30 units
SC23221	M519-SUV	Yes	RS-TTL	RFID Scanner	AZERTY	10 units
SC23223	M519-SUV	Yes	RS-TTL	Smart Reader	Protocol MK1	10 units
SC23224	M519-SUV	Yes	RS-232	Smart Reader	Protocol MK1	30 units
SC23225	M519-SUV	Yes	RS-485	Smart Reader	Protocol MK1	30 units
SC23226	M519-SUV	Yes	RS-TTL	SpringProx Legacy		10 units
SC23227	M519-SUV	Yes	RS-232	SpringProx Legacy		30 units

Custom configurations may be created upon request (typically, Smart Reader mode with a different protocol, RFID Scanner mode with a different keyboard layout, and/or customer-specific Card Acceptance Templates), with a MOQ of 120 units. Contact SpringCard Sales team for more information.

Warning: The in-the-field reconfigurability of the M519-SUV, encompassing even the electrical layer, allows for post-deployment modifications. Consequently, a device's actual setup is likely to differ from its delivery setup. This may be a source of confusion for aftersales services, when doing a retrofit or when ordering new batches.





2 About the SpringSeed M519-SUV

2.1 General description



Figure 1: 3D view of the M519-SUV

The SpringCard SpringSeed M519-SUV is a compact OEM NFC/RFID HF versatile device that integrates a M519 module and a coil antenna. It is designed to be used in industrial equipments or consumer devices.

The M519-SUV inherits all the operating modes from the M519 (PC/SC Coupler, Smart Reader, RFID Scanner, etc), with a choice between USB and Serial interfaces. The Serial option encompasses three electrical layers: RS-TTL, RS-232 or RS-485.

The overall dimensions (69x45mm), the location of the mounting holes and the connectivity (Serial on JST-8, USB on JST-5) make it a drop-in replacement for earlier SpringCard products from the K531, K632, K663 and H663 families.

The M519-SUV is able to communicate with virtually any contactless smart card, RFID label, NFC tag or NFC smartphone compliant with one of the standard technologies in the 13.56MHz range. The 69x45mm antenna is optimised for ID-1 cards (class I, II and III as per ISO/IEC 14443-1) and smartphones, while maintaining compatibility with smaller form factors tags.





2.2 Features and benefits

2.2.1 Ease of integration into any machine or assembly

- Small design (69.0x45.0mm, 5.9mm max. thickness),
- NXP PN5190 NFC/RFID HF frontend allowing best in-class performance/power ratio.
- Self-antenna tuning capability to deliver optimal performance even in harsh environments,
- Single-source power supply, power saving modes, low power card detection features on less than $5\mu A$.

2.2.2 Ease of integration for any application and use case

- Serial interface supporting a various choice of protocols, making it easy to operate the module even from low-end MCUs.
- Single hardware supporting three electrical layers for the Serial interface (RS-TTL, RS-232, RS-485),
- USB interface supported by Linux (even low-end embedded SOCs), Windows and macOS,
- In-the-field configuration and firmware upgrade (flash) without interruption,
- Comprehensive starter kit and a wide range of SDK and samples available for free on GitHub.
- Compliant with earlier SpringCard SDKs and software libraries (PC/SC, SpringProx, etc).

2.2.3 Open and interoperable

Standard-compliant USB CCID (PC/SC) and USB HID keyboard wedge (RFID Scanner) profiles,





- Digital layer of the Contactless stack pre-validated against the following test suites¹:
 - EMV CL L1,
 - NFC Forum CR12 and CR13,
 - CEN/TS 16794 aka ISO/IEC/TS 24192, RCTIF 5,
- Support of Apple Pay ECP1 and ECP2 for Passkit / Apple VAS applications, support of Google Smart Tap,
- Support of NXP Mifare and NTAG families, the largest portfolio of contactless cards.

2.3 Typical applications

- Public transport, public bike systems, car sharing,
- Car-park gates or cashiers,
- Kiosk, vending machines,
- Mobile or affixed terminals for loyalty, events, gaming...
- Access control, secure identification.
- and more.

2.4 Integration, development and ready-to-use derived products

The M519-SRK is a complete Starter Kit for customers who want to evaluate the M519 module and then build their own solution around it. It makes it easy for integration and development engineers to get to grips with the module.

¹ Actual conformance (Digital and Analogue layers) depends on the hardware integration and on the configuration; complete validation must be performed on the assembled product. The analogue characteristics of the M519-SUV may not fulfil all the requirements of all these standards. Contact us for expertise should you need to pass a certification.





Software developers who want to integrate the M519-SUV in their solution will find all relevant information in the Getting Started Guide that comes with the M519-SRK ([PMD23175]) and with the related Application Notes.

2.5 Pictures



Image 1: M519-SUV, top



Image 2: M519-SUV, bottom (actual label depends on part number)





2.6 Related accessories

2.6.1 Serial interface and cable

Order code	Product	Remark	моо
SC24051	USB to Serial JST8 (M519's J1) interface, RS-232/RS-TTL/RS-485 level selectable by switches	Cable SC15145 included USB Mini-B cable <u>not</u> included Based on FTDI USB to Serial bridge, driver available on <u>www.ftdichip.com</u>	1 unit
SC15145	JST8 to JST8 (M519's J1) serial cable, 30cm		15 units

Warning: the first generations of USB/Serial interfaces (part number SC19227) suffer from a limitation in the current peaks they can supply; therefore, they are not able to power the M519-SUV correctly. Only the "MK2" generation of USB/Serial interfaces (part number SC24051) can be used with the M519-SUV.

2.6.2 USB cable

Order code	Product	Remark	моо
SC15252	JST5 (M519's J2) to USB type A, 180cm		10 units

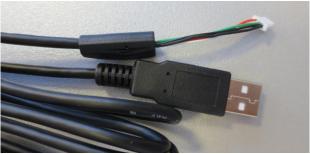


Image 3: SC15252





3 Technical data

3.1 General

Dimensions 69.0 x 45.0 x 5.9 mm

Weight Approx. 12g

Power supply 3.3V or 5V nominal for Serial operation

5V (powered by the bus) for USB operation

Nominal: 200mA

Power requirement Max: 400mA

Power saving: < 1mA

Operating temperature: -40 to +85°C

Storage temperature: -40 to +85°C

Environment Humidity 0 – 90% (non condensing)





3.2 NFC/RFID HF (contactless) Interface

3.2.1 Coupler and Smart Reader operation

NFC/RFID HF carrier 13.56MHz

Antenna Integrated balanced coil, gain -57dBi

RF power Max 2W (33dBm)

Field level 2.5A/m at 25mm

Operating distance Up to 80mm depending on card and environment

ISO/IEC 14443 A & B (PCD) / NFC-A and NFC-B

ISO/IEC 15693 (VCD) and ISO/IEC 18000-3M1 / NFC-V

Supported standards ISO/IEC 18000-3M3 (RFID HF) / EPC HF JIS X 6319-4 / NFC-F

ISO/IEC 21481 (NFCIP-2)

Bitrates 26, 53, 106, 212, 424, 848 kbit/s depending on the protocol

NFC Forum types 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Mifare Classic with CRYPTO1

All cards in NXP Mifare families: Mifare Plus, Mifare UltraLight, Desfire,

All cards in NXP NTAG and ICODE families

Innovatron (Calypso cards)

Supported card STMicroElectronics SR & LR technologies (partial list) Infineon SLE44, SLE66, SRF55

Texas Instrument Tag-it

Sony FeliCa Lite

Apple ECP, Apple VAS (PassKit NFC), Google Smart Tap and other NFC

applications on smartphones

Inside Secure PicoPass / HID iClass (ID only)

Advanced features Low power card detection

Automatic waveform control

3.2.2 Card emulation and peer-to-peer operation

Supported standards

ISO/IEC 14443 A (PICC) / emulation of NFC Forum Type 4A Tag

ISO/IEC 18092 (NFCIP-1) active and passive, initiator and target

Bitrates 106, 212, 424 kbit/s depending on the protocol





3.3 Host Interfaces

3.3.1 USB

Standard USB 2.0 device, compatible with USB 3

Bitrate Full speed (12Mbps)

CCID (PC/SC)

Profiles HID keyboard

CDC-ACM (serial emulation)

SpringCore Direct

3.3.2 Serial

The serial interface of the M519-SUV supports 3 different electrical configurations (see § 6.4).

Warning: the default, out-of-factory configuration (that is defined by the order code and namely written on the label or the packaging) may have be overwritten by a user-defined configuration. Observe the LEDs (§ 4.3 and § 6.4) to know the active configuration.

3.3.2.1 Common data

Bitrate 38400bps (default), up to 500kbps after handshaking

Format 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity, no flow control

CCID over Serial SpringProx Legacy SpringCore Direct

RDR MK1 \$SCRDR

3.3.2.2 RS-TTL configuration

Physical interface RX/TX @ 0/3.3V or 0/5V (compliant with TTL & CMOS peers)

3.3.2.3 RS-232 configuration

Physical interface RX/TX @ -12/+12V according to EIA-232

3.3.2.4 RS-485 configuration

Physical interface Bus A / Bus B according to EIA-485

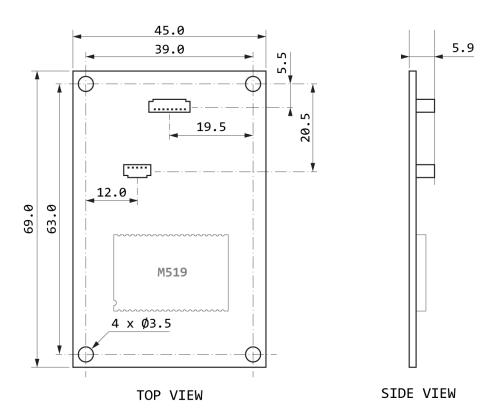


Protocols



4 Mechanical specification

4.1 Dimensions



ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS
PRINT VERSION NOT TO SCALE
(APPROX 1:1)
OUTLINE TOLERANCE ±0.25MM - TOLERANCE ON DRILLING Ø ±0.05MM

Figure 2: Mechanical specifications





4.2 Pinout

4.2.1 USB connector

J2 is a SM05B-SRSS-TB JST 5-position connector, dedicated to connecting the M519-SUV with its host, using USB as primary interface.

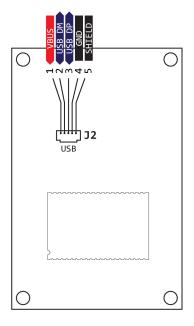


Figure 3: Pinout of J2

Pin	Symbol	Туре	Description
# 1	VBUS	USB	Digital power supply + USB presence, 5V
# 2	USB_DM	USB	USB D- signal
# 3	USB_DP	USB	USB D+ signal
# 4	GND	Ground	Ground signal inside the USB cable
# 5	SHIELD	Ground	Shield of the USB cable





4.2.2 Serial connector

J1 is a BM08B-SRSS-TB(LF)(SN) JST 8-position connector. It is dedicated to connecting the M519-SUV with its host, using the Serial port as primary interface. Power is supplied to the device through the VCC (5V) power input.

The role of the communication pins depends on the electrical configuration of the serial interface (see § 6.4): RX/TX for RS-TTL or RS-232, Bus A/ Bus B for RS-485.

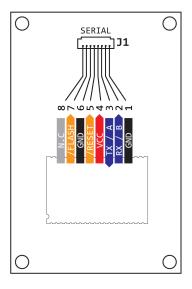
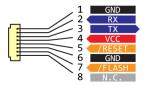


Figure 4: Pinout of J1



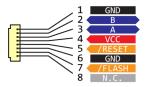


4.2.2.1 RS-TTL and RS-232



Pin	Symbol	Туре	Description
# 1	GND	Ground	
# 2	RX	In	Main UART, host to module
# 3	TX	Out	Main UART, module to host
# 4	VCC	Power	External power supply 5V
# 5	/RESET	In	Reset the module
# 6	GND	Ground	
# 7	/FLASH	In	Force DFU (bootloader) mode upon reset
# 8	N.C.		Leave unconnected

4.2.2.2 RS-485



Pin	Symbol	Туре	Description
# 1	GND	Ground	
# 2	BUS_A	In	Main UART, RS-485 bus A line
# 3	BUS_B	Out	Main UART, RS-485 bus B line
# 4	VCC	Power	External power supply 5V
# 5	/RESET	In	Reset the module
# 6	GND	Ground	
# 7	/FLASH	In	Force DFU (bootloader) mode upon reset
# 8	N.C.		Leave unconnected





4.3 LEDs

The M519-SUV features 3 LEDs:

- LED 0 is on the M519 module itself and shows its the status (see [PFT22217] for details),
- LED 1 and LED 2 are on the antenna; they show the configuration of the Serial interface (see § 6.4 for details).



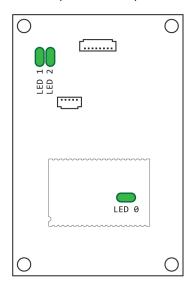


Figure 5: Location of the 3 LEDs





5 Electrical specification

5.1 Limiting values

Stresses beyond those listed under 'Limiting values' may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
VCC _{ABS}	Supply voltage on pin VCC		0	5.5	V
VBUS _{ABS}	Supply voltage on pin VBUS		0	5.5	V
V_{DIG}	Voltage on any digital pin		0	VCC or VBUS + 0.2	V
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge voltage		-500	500	V
T _{JUNCTION}	Junction temperature		_	+120	°C
T _{STORAGE}	Storage temperature	No voltage applied	-40	+85	°C





5.2 Power

5.2.1 Power supply voltage

5.2.1.1 USB operation

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
VBUS	Digital supply voltage, USB	4.5	5.0	5.2	V

J1 shall be left unconnected for USB operation.

5.2.1.2 Serial operation

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
VCC	Digital supply voltage, Serial	3.0		5.2	V

J2 shall be left unconnected for Serial operation.

5.2.2 Current consumption

5.2.2.1 USB operation

Symbol	Parameter / Conditions	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
I _{VBUS,IDLE}	VBUS active but device not enumerated		30	40	mΑ
I _{VBUS,RF} OFF	Device enumerated, RF not active	_	30	40	mA
I _{VBUS,RF ON}	Device enumerated, RF active		140	340 [*]	mΑ

^{*} Max RF power may be restricted by configuration, to reduce the total power requirement (at the price of a shorter operating range).





5.2.2.2 Serial operation, VCC=3.3V

Symbol	Parameter / Conditions	Min	Typical	Peak	Unit
I _{VCC,RF OFF}	RF not active	_	35	50	mΑ
I _{VCC,RF ON}	RF active		150	360*	mΑ
I _{VCC,LPCD}	Waiting for a card, low power mode	_	0.2	1	mΑ

^{*} Max RF power may be restricted by configuration, to reduce the total power requirement (at the price of a shorter operating range).

5.2.2.3 Serial operation, VCC=5V

Symbol	Parameter / Conditions	Min	Typical	Peak	Unit
I _{VCC,RF OFF}	RF not active		30	40	mΑ
I _{VCC,RF ON}	RF active		140	340*	mA
I _{VCC,LPCD}	Waiting for a card, low power mode	_	0.2	1	mA

^{*} Max RF power may be restricted by configuration, to reduce the total power requirement (at the price of a shorter operating range).

5.3 /RESET and /FLASH pins

This digital input pin has a permanent internal pull-up resistor.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage — — — —				
V _{IH}	High level input voltage	2.4			V
I _{IL}	Low level input leakage current	55	80	165	μΑ
I _{IH}	High level input leakage current	-1	±0.01	1	μΑ





5.4 Serial interface, RS-TTL mode

5.4.1 RX pin

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage	_	_	0.8	V
V _{IH}	High level input voltage	2	_	VCC	V
I ₁	Input leakage current	_		±5	μA

5.4.2 TX pin

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	I _{OL} =1mA		_	0.65	V
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	I _{OH} =1mA	2.4	_	VCC	V
I _{os}	Short circuit output current		_	±24	±32	mA
SR	Up or down transition time		_	_	0.04	μs

5.5 Serial interface, RS-232 mode

5.5.1 RX pin

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage		-5	0.6	V
V _{IH}	High level input voltage	2.4	5	_	V
Rı	Input resistance	3	5	7	kΩ





5.5.2 TX pin

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	ow level output voltage I _{OL} =1mA				V
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	High level output voltage I _{OH} =1mA 5 5.4				
I _{os}	Short circuit output current			±35	±60	mA
SR	Up or down transition time	_		_	0.4	μs
Ro	Output resistance		300	10M	_	Ω

5.6 Serial interface, RS-485 mode

Symbol	Parameter Conditions Min Typica		Typical	Max	Unit	
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage, limits	Receiver	-12	_	12	V
I _I	Bus input current	-100		130	μΑ	
V _{IL}	Low level differential voltage	Receiver	_	-1.5	-0.2	V
V _{IH}	High level differential voltage Receiver -0.1 0		0	_	V	
V _{OD}	Differential output voltage	Transmitter	_	-1.5	_	V
I _{os}	Short circuit output current	Transmitter	_	_	±265	mA





6 Application information

6.1 Operating modes, profiles and protocols

The M519-SUV is a versatile device, based on the SpringCard SpringCore firmware, that supports many operating modes. Every operating mode is associated to one or more USB profile and Serial communication protocol. The choice of the operating mode and of the host interface is done upon reset (see \S 6.3).

The paragraphs below summarizes the options and explains the basics; for a complete reference, please read the documentation of the SpringCore firmware:

https://docs.springcard.com/books/SpringCore/Introduction/Operating_Modes

6.1.1 PC/SC Coupler mode

In this mode, the M519-SUV is a complete smart card coupler: it can perform any transaction with a smart card, under full control of an application running in the host computer.

The smart card may be either contact or contactless (NFC/RFID) depending on only on its hardware interface, but operated the same way seen from the software interface.

As a PC/SC device, the M519-SUV is typically associated to a PC/SC driver and is supported by the computer's PC/SC stack.

The PC/SC Coupler mode is selected by writing H02 into configuration register H02C0.

6.1.1.1 USB

When the PC/SC Coupler mode is selected and the host interface is USB, the M519-SUV is a compound device that exposes both the CCID profile and the SpringCore Direct profile.

The CCID profile of the M519 is fully supported by the open-source CCID driver available on Linux together with the PC/SC-Lite stack, and by the CCID driver and PC/SC stack





provided by Apple for macOS. For Microsoft Windows, SpringCard driver SD16055 shall be used².

6.1.1.2 Serial

When the PC/SC Coupler mode is selected and the host interface is Serial, the M519-SUV uses the CCID over Serial protocol.

See Application Note PNA23174 "Using the M519 in PC/SC Coupler mode over a Serial interface" for reference.

6.1.2 Smart Reader mode

In this mode, the M519-SUV is an autonomous or NFC/RFID reader.

It automatically grabs a token from a contactless cards, NFC tags or RFID labels, before transmitting it to the host. This simplifies the development of the host application, because the M519-SUV runs the transaction with the card, tag or label in a standalone-reader approach.

This also makes it possible to use a fast anticollision/inventory scheme, overriding the bottleneck introduced by a slow computer-based transaction or a too complex driver stack.

The Smart Reader mode is selected by writing $_{\rm H}03$ into configuration register $_{\rm H}02C0$.

6.1.2.1 USB

When the Smart Reader mode is selected and the host interface is USB, the M519-SUV is a compound device that exposes both the HID keyboard profile and the SpringCore Direct profile.

Thanks to the standard HID keyboard profile, the M519-SUV is automatically recognized as a keyboard by all the major operating systems that support USB (Windows, macOS, Linux, Android, iOS...), and the data collected from NFC/RFID tags are automatically received as key-strokes in the active application. SpringCard calls this feature "RFID Scanner".

² Microsoft also provides a CCID driver that works fine with the M519-SUV, but unfortunately this driver does not work with all configurations of the M519, nor with all SpringCard products. Using SpringCard driver instead simplifies the development and the technical support.





For correct operation, the user must configure the M519-SUV with the same keyboard layout as the host system.

6.1.2.2 Serial

When the Smart Reader mode is selected and the host interface is Serial, the M519-SUV sends the data collected from NFC/RFID tags over its serial line, using the protocol selected in configuration register $_{\rm H}$ 02A0.

• **\$SCRDR protocol** (default): data come as ASCII strings, starting with constant value "\$SCRDR".

Format specification:

```
$SCRDR;<Interface>;<Protocol>;<Template>;<RSSI>;<TagId>;<Move>;<TagData>;<TagDe
tails>*<Checksum><CR><LF>
```

Example:

```
$SCRDR;13.56;NFC-A;1;;047DAE02C84080;;00047DAE02C84080;*47<CR><LF>
```

MK1 protocol: this is a legacy protocol, taken from earlier SpringCard devices, that
provides only the Tagld. The \$SCRDR protocol shall be preferred.

Example:

```
+047DAE02C84080<CR><LF>
```

• JSON protocol: data is encapsulated in a JSON object.

Example:

```
{
    "Interface":"13.56",
    "Protocol":"NFC-A",
    "Template":1,
    "TagId":"047DAE02C84080",
    "TagData":"00047DAE02C84080",
    "Uptime":"699:16.850"
}
```

• **TLV protocol**: data object uses ASN.1 binary encoding rule.

Example:

B0 0E C1 04 00 03 01 01 C2 07 04 7D AE 02 C8 40 80





6.1.3 SpringProx Legacy

SpringProx Legacy is the proprietary protocol and mode of operation introduced in the 2000's with the first generation of SpringCard devices. PC/SC Coupler mode and the CCID protocol shall be preferred when designing a new system.

It must be understood by the developer/implementer that the M519-SUV is <u>not</u> a drop-in replacement for earlier devices of the K531, K632 or K663 generations. The high-level behaviour is the same, but low-level control of the RF interface has to be rewritten. Anyway, in most situations, the migration process is straightforward provided that you have access to the source code of the Legacy application.

The SpringProx Legacy mode and protocol are selected by writing $_{\rm H}01$ into configuration register $_{\rm H}02C0$.

6.1.3.1 USB

When the SpringProx Legacy is selected and the host interface is USB, the M519-SUV uses the USB CDC ACM profile (communication device class, abstract control model). It is automatically recognized as a (virtual) communication port by all the major desktop operating systems (Windows, macOS, Linux...). The M519-SUV accepts SpringProx Binary and ASCII messages (not OSI3964) and it is possible to use the springprox.dll over this (virtual) communication port without a change.

6.1.3.2 Serial

When the SpringProx Legacy is selected and the host interface is Serial, the M519-SUV accepts SpringProx Binary and ASCII messages (not OSI3964) and it is possible to use the springprox.dll without a change.





6.2 Firmware upgrade

6.2.1 USB

When the device is connected to the host through its USB interface, upgrading the firmware of the M519-SUV could be done in-the-field, over a live system (Live upgrade). The typical firmware upgrade procedure is:

- A new firmware is transmitted using the Direct protocol while the M519-SUV is operating "normally" (this new firmware is written in a temporary storage area),
- When the M519-SUV resets, its bootloader copies the new firmware from the storage area to the ROM of the microcontroller,
- The M519-SUV resets again, running its new firmware.

To perform the upgrade over USB, use either:

• SpringCoreFlash, a command line tool (member of the SpringCore Tools suite) that is easy to deploy and run unattended

https://www.springcard.com/fr/download/find/file/sq20029

• SpringCard Companion, a web application + local service, for a more user-friendly experience.

https://companion.springcard.com

6.2.2 Serial

Live upgrade is possible over the Serial interface only when the device is configured for the SpringCore Direct protocol, fail-safe mode—which normally never happens in the field.

There are 3 different ways to upgrade a device that is connected through a Serial line,

1. Send the software RESET command to the device, with HFA HDA as parameters to have the device restart in bootloader mode, and write the new firmware using the bootloader over the Serial interface,

Documentation of the RESET command:





https://docs.springcard.com/books/SpringCore/Host_Protocols/Direct_Protocol/ CONTROL_class/Actions/RESET

Documentation of the bootloader protocol:

https://docs.springcard.com/books/SpringCore/Host_Protocols/Direct_Protocol/DFU_class/index

2. Assert the /FLASH input line to LOW level and perform a hardware RESET of the device to have it restart in bootloader mode, and write the new firmware using the bootloader over the Serial interface.

Documentation of the bootloader protocol:

https://docs.springcard.com/books/SpringCore/Host_Protocols/Direct_Protocol/DFU_class/index

3. Connect a USB cable temporarily, and perform the firmware upgrade through USB.

Solution 3 is definitively the easiest to implement, but it requires a human intervention over the device.

6.3 Reset configuration

When the M519-SUV is powered-up or its /RESET pin is risen (Low to High transition), the module resets and probes VCC, VBUS and /FLASH to read its reset configuration.

The reset configuration defines:

1. whether the host interface is the serial line or the USB bus,

VBUS	vcc	Host interface
5V		USB
unconnected	5V	Serial

Do not connect anything to the J2 connector unless you want to use USB.





2. whether the M519 activates its main firmware or stays in bootloader mode,

/FLASH	Firmware activation	
LOW	M519 runs its bootloader	
HIGH	M519 runs its firmware	

You may leave the /FLASH pin unconnected if your application does not need to activate the bootloader.

6.4 Type of Serial interface

The hardware configuration (electrical levels) of the Serial interface is driven by register $_{\rm H}$ 029F.

On startup, the two LEDs on the antenna show which configuration has been activated during. After ten seconds, both LEDs go OFF to reduce the overall power consumption.

Register _H 029F	Serial interface	LED 1	LED 2	Remark
н00	RS-TTL	ON	ON	
н01	RS-232	ON	OFF	
н02	RS-485	OFF	ON	
other	RS-TTL	OFF	OFF	Do not use

6.5 Serial shell

The M519-SUV features a "human console" shell, that is available over its Serial interface

- · whatever the operating mode,
- whether the host interface is Serial or USB.

The shell is namely used to explore or fine-tune the M519-SUV, or debug the system.

The communication parameters are:

- Baudrate: 38400bps,
- Format: 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity, no flow control.





Note that if the shell is always enabled with these parameters when the device resets, it is generally disabled once the host has activated another protocol or changed the communication parameters. Always reset the device before trying to use the shell.

Send *<CR><LF>* to get the prompt of the device, that exposes its version and current operating mode.

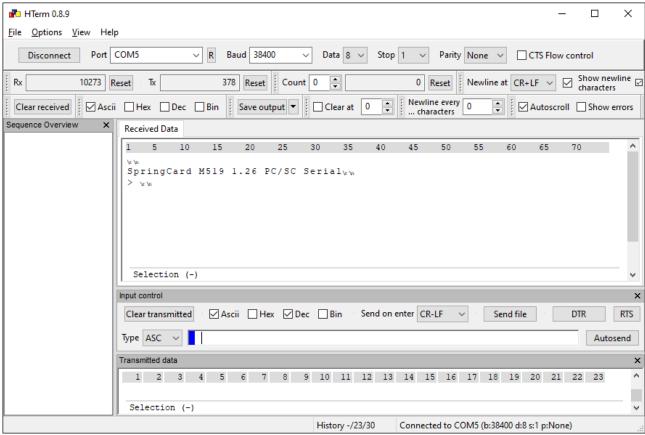


Figure 6: Terminal application 'HTerm' showing the M519's prompt

In the snapshot above,

- "v1.26" is the version number of the firmware. Newer firmwares will show another version number,
- "PC/SC" is the operating mode. Other possible values are "Direct", "SmartReader", "RFIDScan" and "Legacy",
- "Serial" is the primary host interface. Other possible value is "USB".

Enter help<CR><LF> to read the list of available commands.





Remark: the prompt does not reflect the fact that the device is a M519-SUV. The firmware is generic and its prompt is "M519" in all situations.

6.6 Configuring the M519-SUV

The M519-SUV is highly configurable. You may download a configuration file from SpringCard Companion, or use a configuration file provided by SpringCard or a 3rd party. Configuration files use either the JSON or the CFG format.

The new configuration may be injected into the M519-SUV by the mean of a software provided by SpringCard, by the host application itself, or using a Master Card. When exploring/evaluating the M519-SUV, it is also possible to edit the configuration with the shell.

Warning: writing an invalid configuration may disable the host interface(s) and prevent any communication with the device. Pay particular attention to register _H029F since it drives the electrical level of the Serial interface.

6.6.1 SpringCard configuration software

When the host uses the USB interface, in-the-field, Live configuration by SpringCard-provided software is always possible, because the Direct protocol is always available (at least as a secondary profile in the compound device).

To write a new configuration over USB, use either:

SpringCoreConfig, a command line tool (member of the SpringCore Tools suite)
 that is easy to deploy and run unattended

https://www.springcard.com/fr/download/find/file/sq20029

• SpringCard Companion, a web application + local service, for a more user-friendly experience.

https://companion.springcard.com





6.6.2 Configuration through Master Cards

This feature is not yet implemented in the current version of the firmware.

6.6.3 Configuration by shell commands

In the Serial shell (see § 6.5),

- Send command cfg<CR><LF> to read the current configuration,
- Send command cfgXX=YYYY<CR><LF> to write value HYYYY in configuration register H02XX,
- Send command $cfgXX = \langle CR \rangle \langle LF \rangle$ to erase configuration register $_HO2XX$ (the default value will apply).

6.6.4 Configuration by the host application

The CONTROL class of the Direct protocol, that is also available through the SCardControl function of the PC/SC Coupler mode, let the host application configure the M519-SUV.

For reference, please read:

https://docs.springcard.com/books/SpringCore/Host_Protocols/Direct_Protocol/ CONTROL_class/index

6.7 Identifying the base configuration of an unknown M519-SUV

The great versatility of the M519-SUV is a key feature that allows a system integrator to use the same device in the widest range of solutions. SpringCard offers a wide range of part numbers so that any manufacturer can order and provision the M519-SUV in the exact configuration required by their product line, but the device can also be easily reconfigured in the field.

However, this nice feature comes with its side-effect: it makes it difficult for an R&D engineer or a maintainer working on a device that has been deployed in-the-field or used





by another developer to guess how the device has been configured, and therefore how it should be connected and operated. Of course the label printed under the M519-SUV tells the out-of-factory configuration, but the current configuration of the device may be different.

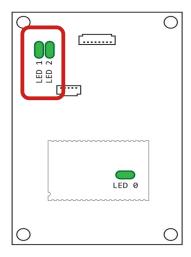
In this section we'll learn to identify the core settings.

6.7.1 Identifying the electrical level of the Serial interface

If your intention is to use the M519-SUV through its USB interface only, you may skip this section and proceed with \S 6.7.3 .

The electrical level of the Serial interface of the M519-SUV depends on its configuration. The out-of-factory configuration (RS-TTL, RS-232 or RS-485) is specified by the order code and printed on the label, but the actual configuration may be different if the device has been re-configured in-the-field (register $_{\rm H}$ 029F).

Observe the LED sequence when the device is starting up to know its current configuration.







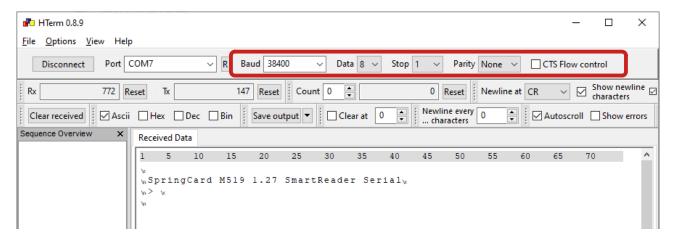
On startup, the two LEDs on the antenna show which configuration has been activated during. After ten seconds, both LEDs go OFF to reduce the overall power consumption.

LED 1	LED 2	Serial interface	Remark
ON	ON	RS-TTL	
ON	OFF	RS-232	
OFF	ON	RS-485	
OFF	OFF	RS-TTL	Pre-delivery mode, not observable in-the-field

6.7.2 Identifying the operating mode, Serial interface

Once you have identified the electrical level of its Serial interface, connect the M519-SUV to the host accordingly (see \S 6.7.1). Open a shell onto the device (see \S 6.5).

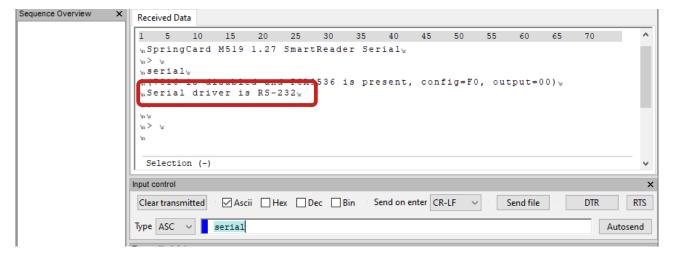
Send *<CR><LF>* to get the prompt of the device, that exposes its version and current operating mode.



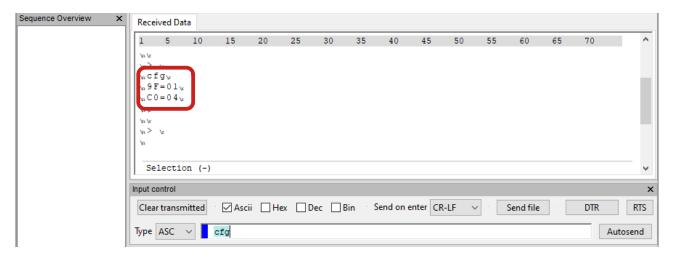




You can get a confirmation of the electrical level of the serial interface by entering the serial command:



It is also possible to read-back the configuration by entering the cfg command:



6.7.3 Identifying the operating mode, USB interface

The easiest way of identifying the operating mode of a SpringCard USB device is to download SpringCard UsbList software (for Windows). Look for "USB List" in this download page:

https://www.springcard.com/en/download/utilitaire

Launch the software and connect the M519-SUV to the host through its USB interface (see \S 4.2.1). Look for the (newly added **M519** entry in the list of devices, and read its USB Product ID (3^{rd} column).







The mode can be deduced from the Product ID (see § 7.1.3):

Product ID	Operating mode	Corresponding order codes
н6212	PC/SC Coupler	SC23219, SC23220
н6213	RFID Scanner	SC23221, SC23222
н6214	Smart Reader	SC23223, SC23224, SC23225
н6211	SpringProx Legacy	SC23226, SC23227

6.8 Out-of-factory configurations

The table below list the settings associated to every order code.

				Key configuration registers		
Order code	Serial	Mode	Option	н02С0	_н 029F	_н 02А6
SC23219	RS-TTL	PC/SC		н02	н00	_
SC23220	RS-232	PC/SC		н02	н01	_
SC23222	RS-TTL	RFID Scanner	QWERTY	н03	н00	н00
SC23221	RS-TTL	RFID Scanner	AZERTY	н03	н00	н01
SC23223	RS-TTL	Smart Reader	Protocol MK1	н04	н00	_
SC23224	RS-232	Smart Reader	Protocol MK1	н04	н01	_
SC23225	RS-485	Smart Reader	Protocol MK1	н04	н02	_
SC23226	RS-TTL	SpringProx Legacy		н01	н00	_
SC23227	RS-232	SpringProx Legacy		н01	н01	





7 Integration Guide

The M519-SUV supports either USB or Serial as host interface.

The USB interface is enabled by connecting the device to a USB host through the J2 connector.

If VBUS is not active when the module starts, then the Serial interface is enabled.

Warning: for debugging and manufacturing reasons, the Serial interface remains active when the USB interface is enabled, but using both interfaces at the same time <u>is</u> <u>absolutely not supported</u> and is likely to make the M519-SUV reset or behave incorrectly. Leave the J1 unconnected when J2 is connected.

7.1 USB

7.1.1 Overview

The M519-SUV is a USB 2.0 full-speed (12Mbps) device, compliant with USB 3. Connect the device to the host through J2 to activate its USB interface.

7.1.2 Precautions

- Use only the USB cables provided by SpringCard, or developed by SpringCard for your target system,
- Fully extend the USB cable to avoid inductive coupling,
- Route the USB cable perpendicular to the antenna, ensuring that no segment of the cable runs parallel to any side of the antenna,
- Connect the product directly to the computer or exclusively through a USB-certified hub with external power supply; never use a hub that is powered by the bus; avoid low-quality hubs that have unstable supply voltage or poor noise immunity.





7.1.3 USB IDs, profile and descriptors

The USB profile —and therefore the Product ID and the descriptors announced by the device— depends on the operating mode as selected by configuration register $_{\rm H}02C0$.

Operating mode	Vendor ID	Product ID	Profile
SpringCore Direct ^A	н1С34	н6210	WinUSB
SpringProx Legacy ^B	н1С34	н6211	Compound, CDC-ACM + WinUSB
PC/SC Coupler ^c	н1С34	н6212	Compound, CCID + WinUSB
RFID Scanner ^D	н1С34	н6213	Compound, HID keyboard + WinUSB
Smart Reader ^E	н1С34	н6214	Compound, CDC-ACM + WinUSB
PC/SC Coupler, no Direct interface ^F	н1С34	н621А	CCID

A: selected by $_{\rm H}02C0{=}_{\rm H}00$ and $_{\rm H}02C1.bit3{=}_{\rm B}0$

B: selected by $_{\rm H}02C0=_{\rm H}01$ and $_{\rm H}02C1.bit3=_{\rm B}0$

C: selected by $_{\rm H}02C0=_{\rm H}02$ and $_{\rm H}02C1.bit3=_{\rm B}0$

D: selected by $_{\rm H}02C0=_{\rm H}03$ and $_{\rm H}02C1.bit3=_{\rm B}0$

E: selected by $_{H}02C0=_{H}04$ and $_{H}02C1.bit3=_{B}0$

F: selected by $_{\rm H}02C0=_{\rm H}02$ and $_{\rm H}02C1.bit3=_{\rm B}1$





7.2 Serial

7.2.1 Overview

The serial interface of the M519 is enabled by leaving J2 unconnected, and by powering the module by the mean of a unique 5V supply over VCC on J1.

The electrical interface (RS-TTL, RS-232 or RS-485) is selected by register $_{\rm H}$ 029F (see § 6.4).

Warning: check the module configuration before connecting it; observe LED1 and LED2 to determine the selected electrical interface. Connecting the M519-SUV to a communication port that uses different electrical levels may damage the M519-SUV and/or the host.

7.2.2 Precautions

- Use short cables and genuine JST male connectors,
- Fully extend the Serial cable to avoid inductive coupling,
- Route the Serial cable perpendicular to the antenna, ensuring that no segment of the cable runs parallel to any side of the antenna.

7.3 Electromagnetic environment

7.3.1 Overview

Communication between the M519-SUV and the contactless target (proximity/vicinity card, RFID label, NFC tag, NFC object...) uses an alternating magnetic field at 13.56MHz and rely on the principle of a transformer (inductive coupling). At the exception of smartphones and battery-powered NFC objects, the M519-SUV also provides remote power to the target.

Such a system is largely impacted by its electromagnetic environment:





- RF waves radiated by surrounding electronics parts, cables or PCB traces alter the signal over noise ratio. This is particularly the case with some displays that radiate their 27.12MHz clock frequency (2x13.56MHz) or with badly shielded USB devices that radiate side-bands around 12MHz.
- RF waves cannot cross conductive materials (PCB ground plane, metallic shield or shell...). More than that, conductive materials in the nearby will host eddy currents (Foucault's currents) so that the RF field will be wasted in heating the material instead of providing power to the contactless objects.

7.3.2 Precautions

To ensure optimal functionality of the SpringSeed M519-SUV, adherence to the following installation guidelines is crucial:

- Avoid any conductive materials in close proximity to the antenna's front. When embedding the M519-SUV within metallic structures such as kiosks or gates, create an aperture of at least 130x105mm within the metal framework (Figure 7).
- The permeability factor (μ) of materials placed in front of the antenna should be considered. For instance, the permeability of glass or glass-filled plastics have a permeability differing from that of vacuum (μ_0) and air.

Conductive elements, including PCBs featuring ground planes or parallel traces, as well as cables, must not be situated near the antenna.

- Maintain a minimum clearance of 30mm around the periphery of the antenna (Figure 7).
- Ensure a minimum clearance of 50mm behind the antenna (Figure 7).

The vicinity should be free of other devices that emit radio frequencies.

- A minimum distance of 250mm is advised from any adjacent contactless readers or couplers operating at 13.56MHz (Figure 8).
- Implement appropriate measures as to mitigate radiated noise within the 12 to 16MHz frequency band.





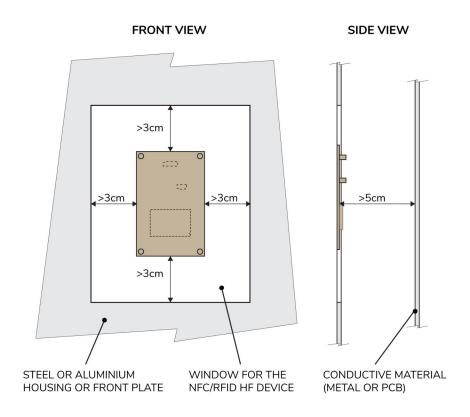


Figure 7

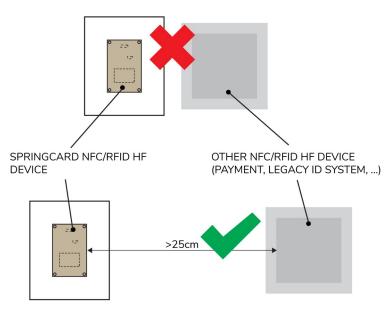


Figure 8





7.3.3 Advices for an optimal user experience

For the most effective power transfer and communication link quality, consider the following recommendations during system design:

• Optimal performance is achieved when the card is aligned parallel to the antenna, with the longest sides corresponding. Take the user gesture in account when designing the product, and/or position a pictogram over the antenna to indicate the preferred card orientation (Figure 9).

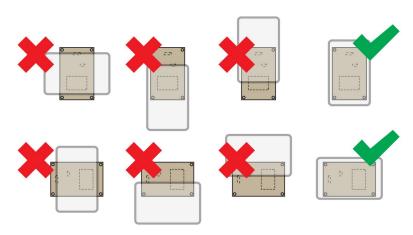


Figure 9

• Ensure the design intuitively guides the user to position the card parallel to the antenna, avoiding any angled placement for consistent communication (Figure 10).

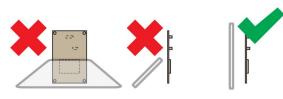


Figure 10

• NFC smartphones generally have a preferred axis that is different from that of standard cards (Figure 11), and many are now engineered to communicate more effectively when held at an angle to the antenna (Figure 12). Smaller NFC tags or RFID labels usually achieve better performance when positioned near the coil's





edge as opposed to the antenna's central axis (Figure 13). End-users should be made aware of these particularities via strategically positioned labels, detailed documentation, or targeted educational content to ensure the best possible user experience.

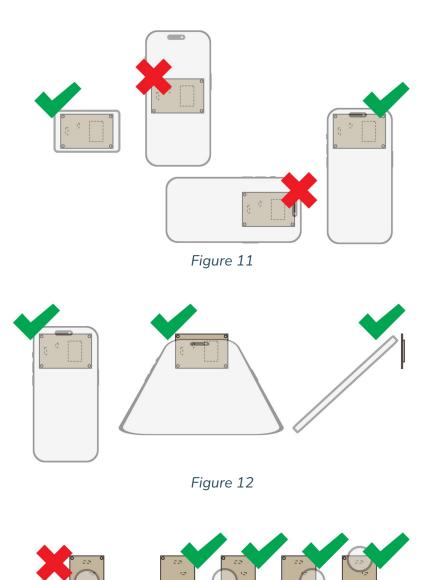


Figure 13





• Design the shell so a clearance of about 8mm is maintained between the card and the antenna. This enhance the interaction with poorly-tuned cards or with NFC smartphones that expose a significant static load to the base-station (Figure 14).

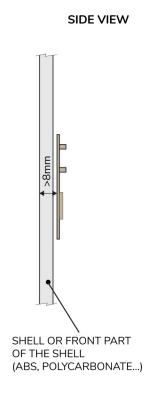


Figure 14

SpringCard has a strong experience in designing NFC/RFID HF devices. Don't hesitate to contact us should you need the assistance of an expert in validating your design.

7.4 Testing, validation and qualification

EMC product qualification is imperative for compliance with CE, FCC markings, and other regulatory standards, and must be carried out on the final product. Although the M519-SUV is qualified as an independent device, the performance of the NFC/RFID HF and USB interfaces is contingent upon the integration's quality.





Furthermore, certifications specific to the application, including those from NFC Forum, EMVCo, CEN/TS 16794, and RCTIF, must be obtained for the complete product. This typically encompasses the full software solution and the device's actual configuration in situ.

SpringCard has a strong experience in designing NFC/RFID HF devices. Don't hesitate to contact us should you need the assistance of an expert in designing or qualifying your own product.





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